

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Material Name - Leak Stopper Roof Patch

Chemical Category - Mixture Product Code - 0319-GA

Product Description-Rubberized roof patch.Product Use-Stops roof leaks.Manufacturer-Gardner-Gibson

4161 E. 7th Avenue Tampa, FL 33605 United States

Telephone

Technical - 813-248-2101 - Customer Service: 8 AM - 5 PM M-F Eastern Standard Time

Emergency - 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

Emergency - 703-527-3887 - CHEMTREC (Outside US)

Last Revision Date - 2/2/15

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

GHS HAZARDS AND PRECAUTIONS

SIGNAL WORD: WARNING!

Flammable liquid (paste) and vapors. Contains Combustible Petroleum Distillates. Harmful or Fatal if swallowed. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapor and use only in adequate ventilation. Repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvent vapor may cause brain and nervous system damage, respiratory tract

irritation, dizziness, or loss of consciousness. May cause skin and eye irritation.

Prevention Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours and/or spray. Do not handle until all safety

precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep out of reach of

children.

Response IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF exposed or if you

feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage/Disposal Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Dispose of content and/or container

in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.



Physical Form • Liquid (Paste)

Color • Black

Odor • Petroleum Hydrocarbon / Solvent odor.

Flash Point - 105 F(40.5556 C)

OSHA HCS2012 - Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye

Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

WHMIS - Class B - Flammable and Combustible Materials - Division 3, Class D - Poisonous

and Infectious Materials - Division 2 - Subdivision A



R65, R25, R36/37/38, R45

GHS

Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye

Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

Route Of Entry Inhalation, Skin, Eye, Ingestion/Oral

Potential Health Effects Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)

Inhalation of vapors or mists may cause central nervous system depression, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. May cause irritation. Refer to other information found in Section 11-Toxicology.

Chronic (Delayed)

Skin

Acute (Immediate)

Chronic (Delayed)

Acute (Immediate) Chronic (Delayed)

May cause irritation.

Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause dermatitis.

May cause burning and redness or swelling of the eyes. May cause irritation.

Repeated and prolonged exposure may be harmful. Repeated and prolonged

exposure may cause irritation.

Ingestion

Acute (Immediate) Chronic (Delayed) **Carcinogenic Effects** May be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Repeated and prolonged exposure may be harmful.

This product or one of its ingredients present at 0.1% or more is listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. See Section 11 - Toxicological Information for

more details.

Carcinogenic Effects				
CAS IARC NTP				
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Under Consideration	

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

	Hazardous Components					
Chemical Name	CAS	%(wt)	UN;EINECS	LD50/LC50	EU R & S Phrases	Other
Asphalt	8052-42-4	45% TO 60%	NA1999, 232- 490-9	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · >5000 mg/kgInhalation- Rat LC50 · >94.4 mg/m³	NDA	NDA
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	15% TO 25%	232-489-3		Carc.Cat.2; R45 Muta.Cat.2; R46 Xn; R65	NDA
Kaolin	1332-58-7	7% TO 12%			NDA	NDA
Cellulose	9004-34-6	3% TO 7%	232-674-9	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · >5 g/kgInhalation-Rat LC50 · >5800 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s)Skin-Rabbit LD50 · >2 g/kg	NDA	NDA
1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1% TO 5%	202-436-9	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · 5 g/kgInhalation-Rat LC50 · 18000 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s)Ingestion/Oral- Mouse LD50 · 6900 mg/kg	R10 Xn; R20 Xi; R36/37/38 N; R51 R53	NDA
Benzene, 1,3,5- trimethyl	108-67-8	1% TO 5%	UN2325, 203-604-4		R10 Xi; R37 N; R51 R53	NDA

Hazardous Components							
Chemical Name	CAS	%(wt)	UN;EINECS	LD50/LC50	EU R & S Phrases	Other	
Surfactant	30113-45- 2	0.1% TO 1%	250-056-7		NDA	NDA	
Binder	Proprietary	< 1%	Proprietary	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · 500 mg/kg	NDA	Binder	
			Non	-Hazardous Components			
Chemical Name	CAS	%(wt)	UN;EINECS	LD50/LC50	EU R & S Phrases	Other	
Water	7732-18-5	4% TO 7%	231-791-2	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · >90 mL/kg	NDA	NDA	

This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Move person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

Skin- IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before

reuse.

Eye- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical advice/attention.

Ingestion - If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media - SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

LARGE FIRE: Water spray, fog or regular foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing - Do not use direct stream of water.

Firefighting Procedures

- Fight advanced or massive fires from safe distance or protected location. Avoid water in a straight hose stream as the stream will cause splatter and spread fire. If product is heated above its flash point it will produce vapors sufficient to support combustion. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground and be ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations near the

point of release.

Unusual Fire and Explosion

Hazards

Media

Hazardous Combustion

Products

Flash Point

Protection of Firefighters

Combustible Semi-liquid paste/mastic.

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrocarbons.

Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained

breathing apparatus.

- 105°F(41°C) STCC (Seta Test/Seta Flash Closed Cup)

Explosion Limits

Upper - 6 % **Lower** - 0.9 %

Autoignition Temperature - 450°F(232°C)

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions

 Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Stay upwind and ventilate enclosed areas.

Emergency Procedures

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Isolate the area and contain the spilled material. Persons not wearing the appropriate PPE should be removed from the area until the spill is cleaned up. Stay upwind. Keep unauthorized personnel away.

Environmental Precautions Containment/Clean-up Measures - Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in suitable container.

Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Prohibited Materials

- Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling

- KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN! Keep away from heat and ignition sources – No Smoking. Use only in well ventilated areas.

Storage

 Keep container/package tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store away from sources of ignition.

Special Packaging Materials

Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources

No data available

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Personal Protective Equipment

Pictograms

Respiratory

Eye/Face Hands Skin/Body

General Industrial Hygiene Considerations Engineering Measures/Controls In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If listed exposure limits are expected to be exceeded, use approved respirtory protection suitable for the hazard.

- Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

Wear chemical protective gloves made of Nitrile or Neoprene.

Wear clothing that covers the skin to prevent skin exposure.

- Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

- Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values. Use precaution to protect building intake from fumes and vapors created outdoors.

	Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
	Result	ACGIH Canada Ontario		OSHA	United States - California		
Cellulose (9004- 34-6)	TWAs	10 mg/m3 TWA	10 mg/m3 TWAEV (paper fibre, total dust)	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	10 mg/m3 PEL (total dust); 5 mg/m3 PEL (respirable fraction)		
Kaolin (1332- 58-7)	TWAs	2 mg/m3 TWA (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable fraction)	2 mg/m3 TWAEV (containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica, respirable)	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	2 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust, containing no asbestos fibers, < 1% crystalline silica)		

	Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
	Result	ACGIH	Canada Ontario	OSHA	United States - California		
Mineral Spirits (8052- 41-3)	TWAs	100 ppm TWA	525 mg/m3 TWAEV	500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 TWA	100 ppm PEL; 525 mg/m3 PEL		
Asphalt (8052- 42-4)	TWAs	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (as benzene soluble aerosol, fume, inhalable fraction)	0.5 mg/m3 TWAEV (fume, inhalable, as benzene-soluble aerosol)	Not established	5 mg/m3 PEL (fume)		

Key to abbreviations

= Permissible Exposure Level determined by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)

TWA Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Liquid (Paste) **Physical Form**

Appearance/Description Thick black semi-liquid.

Color: Black		Odor: Petroleum Hydrocarbon / Solvent odor.			
Taste: No data available.		Odor Threshold: NDA			
Boiling Point:	300 to 390 F(148.8889 to 198.8889 C)	Vapor Pressure:	= 2 mmHg (torr) @ 68 F(20 C)		
Melting Point:	NDA	Vapor Density:	= 1 Air=1		
Specific Gravity/Relative Density:	= 1.0989 Water=1	Evaporation Rate:	NDA		
Density:	= 9.17 lbs/gal	VOC (Wt.):	NDA		
Bulk Density:	NDA	VOC (Vol.):	< 250 g/L		
pH:	NDA	Volatiles (Wt.):	NDA		
Water Solubility:	NDA	Volatiles (Vol.):	~ 30 %		
Solvent Solubility:	NDA	Flash Point:	105 F(40.5556 C)		
Viscosity:	= 270 Centipoise (cPs, cP) or mPas @ 275 F(135 C)	Flash Point Test Type:	STCC (Seta Test/Seta Flash Closed Cup)		
Half-Life:	NDA				
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient:	NDA				
Coefficient of Water:	NDA	Autoignition:	450 F(232.2222 C)		
Bioaccumulation Factor:	NDA	Bioconcentration Factor:	NDA		
Biochemical Oxygen Demand BOD/BOD5:	NDA	Chemical Oxygen Demand:	NDA		
Persistence:	NDA	Degradation:	NDA		

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Hazardous Polymerization Conditions to Avoid Incompatible Materials

Hazardous polymerization not indicated.

Hazardous Decomposition

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and flame.

Strong oxidizers and acids.

Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Component Name	Concentration	CAS	Data
Water	4% TO 7%	7732-18-5	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:>90 mL/kg
Asphalt	45% TO 60%	8052-42-4	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:>5000 mg/kg; ihl-hmn TDLo:10 mg/m3/5.5Y-I Tumorigen/Carcinogen: ; skn-mus TD :69 gm/kg/43W-I
Mineral Spirits	15% TO 25%	8052-41-3	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD :>5 gm/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>1400 ppm/8H; skn-rbt TDLo:2 gm/kg/4W-l Irritation: ; eye-hmn 100 ppm MLD
Kaolin	7% TO 12%	1332-58-7	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat TDLo:370 gm/kg/37D-I
Cellulose	3% TO 7%	9004-34-6	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:>5 gm/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>5800 mg/m3/4H
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1% TO 5%	95-63-6	Acute Toxicity: ; ihl-rat LC50:18000 mg/m3/4H
Binder	< 1%	Proprietary	Acute Toxicity: ; Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · 500 mg/kg

Other Component Information

IARC has concluded that the following chemicals in this product are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1): silica, quartz. ACGIH has designated the following chemicals in this product as suspected human carcinogens (A2): silica, quartz. NTP has listed the following chemicals in this product as known human carcinogens: silica, quartz. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure to this product as a dust or aerosol mist. Clay in this product may contain silica, quartz.

Other Information

This product contains petroleum asphalt. Petroleum asphalt is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA or NTP. The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), has concluded that at higher temperatures roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen. If this product is heated or comes in contact with heated material, avoid breathing fumes. This product may contain small amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH's) which are recognized carcinogens in humans and experimental animals. Mouse skin painting studies of roofing asphalt vapor concentrate have shown evidence of tumor formation associated with localized skin irritation in recent studies. Inhalation studies of high airborne concentrations of asphalt/bitumen fumes in rats and mice produced bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lung changes such as fibrosis and cell damage.

Key to abbreviations

TC = Toxic Concentration

TD = Toxic Dose

LD = Lethal Dose

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Fate
Persistence/Degradability
Bioaccumulation Potential
Mobility in Soil

No data availableNo data available.

No data available.No data available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Product

 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT - United States - Department of Transportation

Shipping Name: Not restricted if shipped in containers<450L (119 gallons). Restricted if shipped in containers >450L (119 gallons).

TDG - Canada - Transportation of Dangerous Goods - Shipping Name: Not Restricted under General Exemption for small container packaging. TDG - Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods: Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III

IMO/IMDG –International Maritime Transport

Shipping Name: Tars liquid

ID Number: UN1999 Hazard Class: 3 Labeling Class: 3 Packing Group: III

labeling & testing of packages.

IATA - International Air Transport Association

Shipping Name: Tars liquid

ID Number: UN1999 Hazard Class: 3 Labeling Class: 3 Packing Group: III

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA Hazard Classifications Risk & Safety Phrases

- Acute, Chronic
- California PROP 65: Asphalt and Asphalt Fumes may contain detectable amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

State Right To Know					
Component	CAS	MA	MN	NJ	PA
Water	7732-18-5	No	No	No	No
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kaolin	1332-58-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cellulose	9004-34-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	Yes	No	No	No
Surfactant	30113-45-2	No	No	No	No
Binder	NDA	No	No	No	No

Inventory					
Component	CAS	EU EINECS	TSCA		
Water	7732-18-5	Yes	Yes		
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes		
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	Yes	Yes		
Kaolin	1332-58-7	Yes	Yes		
Cellulose	9004-34-6	Yes	Yes		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes	Yes		
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	Yes	Yes		
Surfactant	30113-45-2	Yes	Yes		

1332-58-7	7% TO 12%	D2A
9004-34-6	3% TO 7%	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria (including microcrystalline and paper fibers)
8052-42-4	45% TO 60%	Not Listed
95-63-6	1% TO 5%	B3
7732-18-5	4% TO 7%	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
8052-41-3	15% TO 25%	B3, D2B
108-67-8	1% TO 5%	B3
30113-45-2	0.1% TO 1%	Not Listed
	9004-34-6 8052-42-4 95-63-6 7732-18-5 8052-41-3 108-67-8	9004-34-6 3% TO 7% 8052-42-4 45% TO 60% 95-63-6 1% TO 5% 7732-18-5 4% TO 7% 8052-41-3 15% TO 25% 108-67-8 1% TO 5%

United States

U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting			
• Kaolin	1332-58-7	7% TO 12%	Not Listed
• Cellulose	9004-34-6	3% TO 7%	Not Listed
Asphalt	8052-42-4	45% TO 60%	Not Listed
• 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1% TO 5%	1.0 % de minimis concentration
• Water	7732-18-5	4% TO 7%	Not Listed
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	15% TO 25%	Not Listed
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	1% TO 5%	Not Listed
Surfactant	30113-45-2	0.1% TO 1%	Not Listed

Section 16 - Other Information

Last Revision Date
Prepared By
Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

- 2/2/2015
- GG Inc.
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